The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR VIRG.

(VOL. III.) THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1786. (No. 132.)

FOR SALE, BY

Robinson, Sanderson and Rumney,

At their store on Fairfax-street,

LISBON and Liverpool SALT,
Best London PORTER in barrels,
Ditto in bottles,
Liverpool BEER in ditto,
PAINTS mixed in Cags of 28*lb.* each,
Spanish WHITING, LAMPBLACK and LINSEED OIL,
MUSTARD in ¼*lb.* bottles in boxes,
BARLEY in Cags,
SOAP and CANDLES in boxes,
QUEEN's and STONE WARE in crates assorted,
GLASS WARE in small casks neatly assorted,
WINDOW GLASS of different sizes in boxes,
CABLES and HAWSERS,
TRACE ROPES and LEADING LINES,
BED CORDS,
SAIL CANVAS from No. 1 to 7,
HAIR SIFTERS,
A neat set of mahogany CHAIRS,
A few GRINDSTONES, &c.

The above, with a pretty general assortment of DRY GOODS, will be disposed of on the lowest terms, by wholesale only.

N. B. They give the best cash price for TOBACCO.

Alexandria, August 1, 1786.

FOR SALE,
The imported Horse,

OBSCURITY.

HIS form and figure is equal to any horse in America, eight years old, a dark-chestnut sorrel, full sixteen hands three inches high.—He was got by Col. O'Kelly's Eclipse, and his dam, which is own sister to Croney, by Careless; his grandam by the Cullen Arabian; his great-grandam by North Country Diamond: his great-great-grandam, by a son of Sir John Harper's Barb, and out of the old Child Mare, which was the dam of Lord Tracey's Whimsey, and great-great-grandam of Careless.——The terms of sale may be known by applying to Mr. WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. Alexandria——Col. WILLIAM FITZHUGH, Fredericksburg——Mr. JOHN STEWART, Richmond—Messrs. CAMPBELL and WHEELER, Petersburg—Mr. MALCOM HART, Hanover-Town—and an agreement confirmed with the proprietors in Baltimore.

BENJ. and JOHN CROCKETTS.

Baltimore, July 26, 1786.

SIXTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away last night from the Potomack Company, the three following indented Irish servant men, viz. DAVID LYAN, 27 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, well made, smooth faced, dark brown hair, dead gray eyes, thin visaged, his hair cut very short and eye-brows shaved a few days ago: He had on when he went away, a white frize jacket and osnaburg shirt and trousers.——PATRICK READY, 32 years of age, 5 feet 9½ inches high, well made, blue eyes, dark hair, and had an old sore on his left shin: He had on when he went away, a white kersey jacket with one pocket flap on the right side and osnaburg shirt and trousers.——JAMES BRYAN, 35 years of age, 5 feet 9½ inches high, slim made, pock marked, black eyes and black hair: He had on when he went away, a white kersey jacket and osnaburg shirt and trousers.—It is supposed they will change their clothing as there is a variety of clothes missing.—TEN DOLLARS will be given for each if taken within ten miles of home, and the above reward if taken at a greater distance and secured, and reasonable charges if brought home.

RICHARDSON STUART.

Great-Falls of Potomack, July 24, 1786.

The Trustees appointed by act of Assembly of the State of Virginia, for establishing a Town by the name of KINSALE, on the lands of CATESBY JONES, in the County of Westmoreland, give notice, that they will attend at Kinsale on Tuesday the 19th of September next, to dispose of the lots in said town by public auction as the act directs.—The greater part of the lots adjoin the water, and on some there are a dwelling-house, storehouse, stable, barn, kitchen, dairy, granary, warehouse, and other buildings, which are in good repair and very commodious.

July 18, 1786. ‡

THE Managers of the Lottery for the benefit of the Richmond Lodge, finding it impracticable to answer the prizes with specie, have represented to the Common-Hall of this city the cause of this difficulty, from a belief that Civil-List and Interest Warrants would be exchanged with ease for cash, they were placed on the same footing with it in the original plan of the lottery,—but the scarcity of specie cutting off every hope of such an exchange, the Tickets which have been sold for paper credit, have thereby yielded no considerable fund, for the satisfaction of the prizes.——In order therefore to prevent injury and surprise to those who have already become adventurers, the Managers have obtained the sanction of the Hall to the two following propofals, *to wit:*

1st. That a day be appointed on or before which the purchasers of Tickets may be at liberty to return them, and withdraw what they have paid, whether in Cash, Civil-List, or Interest Warrants.

2dly. That all such persons as shall fail to appear by that day and demand restitution of what they have paid for their Tickets, shall be precluded from a right to refuse to accept Civil-List or Interest Warrants for any prizes they may draw;——but the Managers beg leave to add, that a large sum has been received in Indents, they having circulated on a footing with other paper credit at their first appearance: They therefore include under the term Interest Warrants the Indents already received.

☞ In future no Indents will be received.

The Managers therefore give this public notice, that all those adventurers, who shall not withdraw the payments by them made for Tickets before the first day of September next, will be considered as being contented to take their chance for prizes in Cash, Civil-List, and Interest Warrants.

THE MANAGERS.

Richmond, July 12, 1786.

☞ THOSE who have had TICKETS from me for sale, will be good enough to return what remains unsold, together with the money or warrants arising from the sale they have made.

DAVID LAMBERT.

☞ the Drawing will commence on the 17th day of October next. THE MANAGERS.

STRAYED or stolen from the commons of Alexandria, about three weeks ago, a large BLACK COW, with a small white bag.—Whoever delivers said cow to the Subscriber, shall have THREE DOLLARS reward.

ROBERT LYLE, jun.

Alexandria, August 1, 1786.

*** Several convenient ROOMS to be let.—Inquire as above.

This is to give notice, that whatever debts ELIZABETH COOLEY may contract I am determined not to pay.

PETER COOLEY.

Winchester, July 24, 1786.

In obedience to an Act, entitled An Act for keeping the Roads in Repair from Snickers's and Vestal's Gaps to Alexandria, and for erecting Turnpikes thereon, we the Subscribers give this Public Notice, that we are now erecting two Turnpikes, which will be completely finished by the Fifth Instant—And having appointed Keepers for the said Gates, the Tolls, agreeable to the Law, will commence on the Tenth Instant.——For further Information respecting said Act, we refer the Public to the Law, which has already been published at large in the Alexandria Papers.

GEORGE GILPIN,
CHARLES LITTLE, } Commissioners.

August 3, 1786.

To be sold by virtue of the last will and testament of Adam Lynn, deceased, at public vendue, on Monday the 18th day of September next, if not sold at private sale before that day,

A LOT of GROUND having a south front of 62 feet on Wilkes-street, and a west front on St. Asaph-street of 91 feet.—It may be divided into smaller lots to suit the purchasers, and credit given for the money six months, on bond with approved security for the punctual payment thereof.——All persons having claims against his estate are desired to bring them in duly attested; and those indebted to it are requested to make immediate payment, as no indulgence can be granted.

KATHARINE LYNN, Executrix.
PETER WISE,
PHILIP WEBSTER, } Executors.

Alexandria, August 3, 1786.

The Subscriber means to continue his BOARDING-HOUSE at Bath, at the old place the ensuing season, where every accommodation will be provided for gentlemen and ladies, who may favor him with their custom, to make their time and the place agreeable.—He has now in great forwardness, which will be completed in a few days, a very large four-story HOUSE, with a number of private rooms, which he intends letting out to gentlemen or private families who wish to separate from the crowd.—He expects to be well furnished, and due attendance will be given by their humble servant, JOSEPH BUTLER.

Bath, July 28, 1786.

FOR SALE,

A Plantation, lying 8 miles from Fredericksburg, containing 200 acres of land, about 80 acres of which are cleared.—There are on the premises, a dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, and other necessary buildings.—Said land is as good as any in the neighbourhood, and lies on the road to Richmond.—Whoever inclines to purchase may know the terms by applying to Mr. JOSEPH JULIAN in Fredericksburg, or JOHN J. COMBES, Merchant in Alexandria.—A good and sufficient title will be given the purchaser.

N. B. It will be sold cheap for Cash or ready Tobacco, and might likewise be bartered for Negroes or Goods.

July 31, 1786.

☞ THE ALEXANDRIA JOCKEY CLUB RACES, will commence on Tuesday the Third of October next.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

The MEMBERS of the ALEXANDRIA JOCKEY CLUB are desired to meet at WISE's tavern on Monday the 18th of September next, at 12 o'clock, on business of importance, as the Treasurer is to settle his accounts, and all arrearages must be paid up.

Alexandria, August 3, 1786.

LONDON, June 12.

THURSDAY morning a duel was fought near Kenſington, between Lord Macartney and Major-General Stewart; of which the following is an authentic account, as tranſmitted to us by the ſeconds, Colonel Fullarton and Colonel Gordon, the former accompanying Lord Macartney, and the latter General Stewart.

The place and time of meeting having been previouſly fixed, the parties arrived about half paſt four o'clock in the morning, and took their ground at the diſtance of twelve ſhort paces, meaſured off by the ſeconds, who delivered to each one a piſtol, keeping poſſeſſion of the remaining arms. General Stewart told Lord Macartney, he doubted as his Lordſhip was ſhortſighted, he would not be able to ſee him; his Lordſhip replied "he did perfectly well." When the ſeconds had retired a little on one ſide, and as the parties were about to level, General Stewart obſerved to Lord Macartney, that his piſtol was not cocked; his Lordſhip thanked him, and cocked it. When they had levelled, General Stewart ſaid he was ready; his Lordſhip anſwered he was likewiſe ready; and they both fired within a few inſtants of each other. The ſeconds obſerving Lord Macartney wounded, ſtepped up to him, and declared the matter muſt reſt here: General Stewart ſaid, "this is no ſatisfaction," and aſked if his Lordſhip was not able to fire another piſtol; his Lordſhip replied, "he would try with pleaſure," and urged Colonel Fullarton to permit him to proceed: The ſeconds, however, declared it was impoſſible, and they would on no account allow it. General Stewart ſaid, "then I muſt defer it till another occaſion;" on which his Lordſhip anſwered, "if that is the caſe we had better proceed now. I am here in conſequence of a meſſage from General Stewart who called upon me to give him ſatisfaction in my private capacity for offence taken at my public conduct; and to evince that perſonal ſafety is no conſideration with me; I have nothing perſonal; the General may proceed as he thinks fit." General Stewart ſaid, "It was his Lordſhip's perſonal conduct to him that he reſented." The ſeconds then put a ſtop to all further converſation between the parties, neither of whom had quitted their ground;—General Stewart, in conſequence of his ſituation, having been under the neceſſity from the firſt of putting his back to a tree.

The ſurgeons, Mr. Hunter, and Mr. Home, who were attending at a little diſtance, were brought up by Colonel Fullarton. Colonel Gordon in the mean time aſſiſted his Lordſhip in taking off his coat, and requeſted him to ſit down, apprehending he might be faint through loſs of blood. Colonel Gordon then left the ground in company with General Stewart; and an eaſy carriage was provided to convey his Lordſhip home.

The ſeconds cannot help expreſſing, that no two perſons ever met on a ſimilar occaſion, who ſhewed more firmneſs and compoſure; and they are happy to add, that the ball is extracted, which was lodged in Lord Macartney's right ſhoulder; and there is every reaſon to hope for his recovery.

Signed, W. FULLARTON.
A. GORDON.

Major-General Stewart, who fought Lord Macartney, on Thurſday, has but one leg. This accounts for his being placed againſt a tree during the ſcene of action.

In the Bath Chronicle for Thurſday, June 1, is the following intereſting article.—The melancholy and myſterious fate of the ſeveral gentlemen who were poiſoned at Salt-Hill ſome years ago, ſuppoſed to have been by the wine they drank, is at laſt developed by the cook who then lived in the inn, and who being on her death bed, lately ſent for a clergyman, and to him related the following circumſtances, which ſhe ſaid lay ſo heavy on her mind, that ſhe could not die without revealing them:—"That having the preceding day prepared a diſh, which was not called for, ſhe ſuffered it to remain in the ſtew-pan (which was of copper) till the next day, when the party alluded to dined there, and the diſh ſo kept conſtituted a part of *their dinner*—that before ſhe warmed it again ſhe obſerved a large quantity of a thick greeniſh ſcum on its ſurface, but the cauſe of ſuch appearance not occurring to her at the inſtant, ſhe permitted it to be ſent to the table, and the fatal effects before mentioned followed. That when told that the parties were in the agonies of death, and recollecting to have heard of the poiſonous property of copper; the unaccountable appearance of the food occurred to her mind, and ſhe began to fear that ſhe had been, inadvertently, the cauſe of that dreadful cataſtrophe. Under this impreſſion ſhe was miſerable, but declared that her only reaſon for retaining the ſecret within her own boſom, was the dread that a confeſſion would have been followed by the puniſhment inflicted on wilful murderers."

During the chief juſticeſhip of the great Holt, an alarming riot happened in Holborn, of which the practice of kidnapping was the cauſe or the occaſion, a party of the guards was ordered from Whitehall to quell the inſurrection, and an officer deſpatched, in the mean while, to appriſe his Lordſhip of the meaſure, and to deſire that he would ſend ſome of his people to attend and countenance the ſoldiers. "Suppoſe, Sir, ſaid the Lord Chief Juſtice, the populace ſhould not diſperſe on your appearance, or at your command." "Our orders, my Lord, are to fire upon them." "Then mark, Sir, what I ſay; if there ſhould be a man killed in conſequence of ſuch orders, and you are tried before me for the murder, I will take care that you, and every ſoldier in your party, ſhall be hanged. Return to thoſe who ſent you, and tell them, that no officer of mine ſhall accompany ſoldiers; the laws of this kingdom are not to be executed with the ſword. This belongs to the civil power, and ſoldiers have nothing to do here." Then ordering his tipſtaves, and ſome conſtables to attend him, he haſtened to the ſcene of tumult; and the populace, on his aſſurance that juſtice ſhould be done on the objects of their indignation, inſtantly diſperſed in a peaceable manner.

BOSTON, July 24.

On Thurſday night, about 11 o'clock, a building in Market-Square, about 80 feet in length, the property of the town, and intended for a Fiſh-Market, was ſet on fire and entirely conſumed, together with ſeveral carpenters tools, &c. which were therein. One hundred dollars is offered for detecting the incendiaries.

HARTFORD, July 24.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in New-York, to his friend in this city, dated July 18.

"Congreſs have juſt received freſh intelligence of Indian depredations on our frontiers; they appear to have aſſiſtance, as they attacked one of our forts with cannon. The matter lies for conſideration; what Congreſs will determine on this ſubject remains unknown."

NEW-HAVEN, July 25.

Accounts from Newport repreſent the ſituation of that ſtate as truly unhappy, on account of the late act of their General Aſſembly, by which any perſon who refuſes to take the paper money emitted by a former act of Aſſembly, or in any way attempts to depreciate it, is ſubject to a fine of £.100 lawful money, and for a ſecond offence diſfranchiſed:—The merchants have almoſt univerſally ſhut up their ſtores, and buſineſs of every kind is ſtopped. The country withholds the uſual ſupplies of proviſions, which diſtreſſes principally the ſticklers for their iniquitous money, being generally thoſe who are impoveriſhed or largely in debt, who pleaſe themſelves with this eaſy way of being freed from the juſt demands of their creditors.—On Friday ſe'nnight riot and diſorder prevailed.—A number of perſons headed by one Wanton, and one Anthony, inſolently demanded that the ſtores in which corn was lodged ſhould be opened and the corn ſold for the new emiſſion—one of the merchants who was a quaker, was ſo intimidated by their threats, that he conſented:—But they were not equally ſucceſsful in their attempt upon another ſtore. The owners of which reſented the demand and declared that they would defend their property at the riſk of their lives. The number which collected to preſerve the peace, and to aſſiſt in defending the property endangered, was ſo great, and their paſſions ſo juſtly warmed, that the fate of the ring-leaders of the riot hung on the ſlendereſt thread. A ſingle blow would have begun a conteſt in which their lives would have fallen a ſacrifice; but the timely intervention of ſome of the principal characters of the city prevented any further violences. At length the Governor* of the State and two of his council appeared:—(He ſtopped to call away one of the ringleaders of the riot, and went to his houſe.)—A council was called; the Governor and all the civil officers were preſent: Vigorous ſteps were thought beſt by the majority; but the Governor aſſured them that he had informed one of the ringleaders, that if he again violated the peace, he ſhould exert his utmoſt authority for the ſupport of government, and that he replied that he might depend upon his peaceable conduct in future. On this the council aroſe.

Notwithſtanding the aſſurances of this diſturber of the peace, he ſoon after made an unprovoked attack upon one of the perſons who had appeared in defence of the property in danger. A number of perſons interfered, and the tranquility of the city continued when our laſt accounts left them.

The ſame violences begin to pervade every part of the State——threats to break open cribs, and rob the wealthy farmers daily increaſe. If reaſon does not effect a change of meaſures, ſurely theſe turbulent diſorders muſt.

Rhode-Iſland, ſays a correſpondent, is ſoundly flagellated, and doubtleſs her SISTER STATES will learn wiſdom.

* *John Collins, Eſq;*

PRINCETON, (New Jerſey) July 27.

By a perſon who was at Morriſtown laſt Wedneſday we are informed, that about 6 o'clock in the evening of that day, there happened a tremendous thunder ſtorm. It was preceded by an exceſſive heat, and entire calm: The ſtorm laſted but about a quarter of an hour. In ſeveral houſes the lightning ſeemed to fill the chambers where the people were ſitting as if they had been on fire; every body felt the ſhock very ſeverely. Mr. Ruſſel and his wife went out of doors and were knocked down; but happily no lives were loſt, except a Mrs. Ferman who died about three hours after; but from her bad ſtate of health we are apt to think her death was occaſioned more from fear, than from the violence of the ſhock, which ſhe received in common with ſeveral other people in the ſame room with her. Some trees were ſtruck with the lightning; and it is reported that two gentlemen who were riding along the road in a chair, were both knocked out of it at the ſame time.

We are alſo informed, by ſeveral people, that conſiderable damage was done by the ſtorm on Wedneſday laſt; particularly, that near Somerſet court-houſe, Mr. John Vandorn had a number of apple trees deſtroyed, and ſeveral of them torn up by the roots; he had alſo four ſtacks of wheat blown down, and many of the ſheaves were found lodged on the tops of the trees on the oppoſite ſide of the Milſtone river. It is alſo affirmed that two ſcythes and two cradles which were lying in the ſame field, were carried by the wind to the diſtance of four hundred yards from the place where they were lying.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.

The following letter from his Excellency Don Monia Chacon, Governor of Trinidad, to a gentleman in St. Thomas, will ſhew the liberality of the General.

Dear Sir,

"I HAVE received your laſt letter of the 10th of February, with the utmoſt pleaſure you can conceive. In becoming the panegyriſt of my nation, you take off the general prejudices of the other iſlands againſt the Spaniſh dominions: I thank you for the good opinion we are indebted to you for, and I will endeavour to confirm you in the idea you have of the gentleneſs and humanity of our laws, which will be diſplayed here; for ſince the firſt diſcoveries of Columbus, no potentate, no nation ever ſettled a colony on terms equally liberal.

"You will allow me to make a ſhort explanation on account of the bad reputation the Spaniſh government bears among foreign ſettlements, as it is a matter worthy of a patriot as I feel I am; but before I undertake it, I will tell you that perhaps I ſhall be obliged to ſtop the thread of my diſcourſe; the buſineſs that overwhelms me does not permit me to make any deviation from the principal ſubject of my employment.

"You know very well that common cuſtom and authority fix the rule of our thoughts and even of our faith, without any previous trial of human reaſon, that ſovereign miſtreſs of knowledge is laid aſide, and prejudice, paſſion, and miſunderſtanding prevail. The majority of mankind act from the ideas received from their education, and when they are of age they ſeldom reflect upon the frailty or falſhood of them.

"It is ſo every where and it has been ſo in every age of the world, as the hiſtory of former times furniſhes us with examples enough: By this very reaſon every nation believes herſelf the firſt, whilſt envy and ambition perſuades every one that her neighbours are not ſo worthy, ſo ſkilful, and ſo virtuous as herſelf.—The Spaniſh nation has been now engaged for near three centuries in war, and has furniſhed no hiſtorian to write its hiſtory; In conſequence foreign authors undertook the taſk, and having written (as they pleaſed) an account of our characters, according to the principles of their education; I ſuppoſe dictated by the natural loathing every nation unacquainted with each other poſſeſs, and the herd of mankind ſeldom ſearch the true cauſe of effects, and they generally diſtinguiſh us as cruel, barbarous, inhuman, &c. &c.

"I aſſure you, without any pre-occupation, we are not ſo, and the nation in general are friends to hoſpitality, and protectors of the unfortunate of all countries. You will confirm this idea when you come, and I will add other examples when we have the pleaſure of converſing together, for I cannot write, *currento calamo*, in Engliſh as I do not poſſeſs enough of the idiom, and I expect you will overlook my errors.

"I ſhall always be happy to ſerve you in this iſland, and am with ſincerity and friendſhip,

"Your moſt affectionate ſervant."

Auguſt 2. Capt. John Tibbets, who arrived at Portſmouth, in New-Hampſhire, on Saturday the 15th ult. in — days, from St. Lucia, informs, that on the 7th ult. in lat. 34, 00, north, long. 66, 31, weſt, he ſaw three ſhips ſtanding to the eaſtward, which lay by and made ſignal to ſpeak with him; ſuppoſing them to be merchant ſhips bound to ſome part of

Europe, he hoiſted American colours, and being to windward, bore down to ſpeak with them. One of the ſhips hoiſted colours to her main top-maſt head, which he ſuppoſed to be Dutch, and then hauled them down again: as ſoon as he got within two hundred yards of her ſhe hoiſted her colours to her mizen peak, and fired four ſhot at him, on which he immediately hauled his wind to the northward; the other two ſhips fired four ſhot as he paſſed them, but luckily without any effect. The three ſhips on ſeeing him make ſail from them, immediately hove about, and ſetting all the ſail they could, chaſed him about an hour and a half, when perceiving he outſailed them, they bore away and ſtood to the eaſtward, after firing a ſhot to bring him to. One of them appeared to have 30 guns, and the other two, 18 or 20 each.

Extract of a letter from Burlington, dated July 16.

"Yeſterday afternoon about four o'clock, were executed purſuant to their ſentence, Felix Hammel, and William Malone, two Iriſhmen, for robbing and cutting off the right hand of William Tyrrel, in ſpring laſt, near Mount-Holly. They both declared their innocence to the laſt moment, particularly Malone, who perſiſted in his being clear of the crime for which he was going to ſuffer; they both behaved with great fortitude to the laſt moment, particularly Malone, who ſeemed to meet death with the greateſt firmneſs; he acknowledged having ſome years ago committed crimes in Ireland for which he deſerved puniſhment, but of the preſent was perfectly innocent. The Rev. Mr. Spragg, of Mount-Holly, ſo well known for his examplary life and manners, came here to attend theſe poor unhappy men ſome time in gaol, and to the place of execution; he ſays they both behaved with great fortitude, particularly Malone, with the greateſt reſignation and compoſure of mind. The concourſe of people upon this melancholy occaſion is not remembered to have ever been the like, for they came 30 and 40 miles from out of the State of Pennſylvania, and nearly the ſame diſtance in this ſtate; Felix has left a wife and ſix children; Malone was a young man about twenty-ſix.—When cut down, they were taken home by their reſpective friends to be buried. It has occaſioned much talk here, as many ſeem to be of opinion that Malone was innocent, for Tyrrel did not ſay he was the perſon, or even like one of the men that robbed him, but Felix was."

N O R F O L K, Auguſt 2.

On Friday laſt, the ſhip Cyrus, condemned at a late court of admiralty, was ſold at public auction for the ſum of 1820 l.

On the 22d of May, the Hon. Mr. Adams, our Miniſter Plenipotentiary, at London, had a conference with Lord Howe, at his houſe in the admiralty-office, Whitehall, and laid before him in an official manner, as head of the marine department, ſome complaints touching the ſeizure of ſome American ſhips, which have been carried into Engliſh harbours in the Weſt-Indies. The manifeſtos of the maſters of the veſſels ſeized were accompanied with repreſentations from Congreſs, who have deſired an inquiry. After viſiting Lord Howe, Mr. Adams waited on Mr. Pitt, and the two Secretaries of State, in an official manner.

B A L T I M O R E, Auguſt 4.

INTERESTING INTELLIGENCE.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated July 25, to a gentleman in this place.

"In a committee, appointed by the French cabinet, to examine into the commerce of France with America, the Marquis de la Fayette very warmly contended for aboliſhing the farm of tobacco. This bold attack checked the farmers, but could not overthrow them. Government heard both ſides, and have taken meaſures to enſure the annual ſale of twelve or fifteen thouſand hogſheads of tobacco, ſhipped in French or American veſſels; an event, which, while it reflects great honor on the Marquis, muſt prove extremely advantageous to our planters and merchants, as the price given by the farmers, under their contracts, is much higher than what tobacco can be ſold for in other European markets; and our information adds, is expected to become a ſtandard for its ſale to the farmers."

On Monday laſt was married in Waſhington county, in this State Major-General HORATIO GATES, to Miſs MARY VALANCE; a lady moſt deſervedly diſtinguiſhed for her good ſenſe, liberal education, and amiable diſpoſition, with a handſome fortune.

A L E X A N D R I A, Auguſt 10.

On Friday laſt were executed on the Gallows near Richmond, Thomas M'Cauley for a Rape, and a Negro Man for a Robbery.—One Thomas Campbell was conditionally pardoned under the Gallows.

The Eglinton, Capt. Woodrow, from Liverpool, a miſſing Veſſel, is arrived at Norfolk.

☞ On Saturday Evening next the new Theatre in this Town, will be opened by the American Company of Comedians, with Dr. Young's Tragedy of the REVENGE, agreeable to the printed Bills of Yeſterday.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Schooner Betſy, T. Mortimore, from Baltimore: Ship Hannibal, G. Conyngham, Philadelphia; Sloop Polly, S. Martin, Rhode-Iſland; Brig Martha, S. Harper, L'Orient; Ship Molly, R. Ewing, Maryland; Brig William and Mary, W. Dodd, North Potomack; Sloop Dove, D. Snow, Boſton; Schooner Jeſſe, S. Davis, St. Euſtatia.

Cleared Outwards. None.

New-York, July 25, 1786.

Mr. PRINTER,

A Gentleman juſt arrived here from Dublin informs and aſſures us, that a Captain E—— was about ſailing from that place with a load of convicts out of the gaols there, for which government, it is ſaid, pay him for taking thoſe vermin off.—On his arrival at Philadelphia or Baltimore the paſſengers are to paſs by the gentle name of redemptioners.—You will have to dread robbers, murders, &c. ſhould they be permitted to land.

Query. Would not the Captain do an equal favor to theſe States by introducing a load of ſerpents?

And, query. Ought not the citizens of the place where he ſo arrives, after inquiry made, and ſatisfaction obtained of the truth of ſuch villainies, to favor the Captain with a coat of T. and F. &c. ſend him with veſſel and cargo to Nova-Scarcity or the Bahamas? I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

A well wiſher to good Settlers.

☞ AMERICANS BEWARE!

Public Vendue.

On Saturday next, will be ſold at the Vendue-Store, oppoſite Col. Hooe's dwelling-houſe,

A Variety of Merchandiſe as uſual.

P. MARSTELLER, Vendue-Maſter.

Alexandria, Auguſt 10, 1786.

TO BE SOLD,

On board the ſloop Samuel, Randall Holden, maſter, at Harper's wharf,

BEST ſtone lime, hay, molaſſes, claret wine in 50 gallon caſks, mackerel, menhaden, cotton cards, maple and cherry-tree deſks, waggon-boxes, onions, cheeſe, &c.

Alexandria, Auguſt 10, 1786.

FOR SALE,

On the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or produce, ſuch as wheat, rye, corn and oats, delivered at the mills of George Bruce, James Bruce, and Iſaac Perkins, or for bacon, hemp, bees-wax, butter in ferkins, tobacco and furs, delivered at the ſubſcriber's ſtore in Winchester, and where a part caſh will be given for ſuch articles if required,

A quantity of Wet and Dry G O O D S.

Alſo, military certificates, militia final ſettlements, indents on final ſettlement certificates, or intereſt warrants on military certificates, will be received at their uſual rates of diſcount.

He flatters himſelf by the receiving of the above articles in exchange for goods, it will enable his cuſtomers to ſupply themſelves with ſuch articles they may want, more conveniently than otherwiſe might be in their power.

RICHARD GRAY.

Winchester, Auguſt 3, 1786.

By virtue of a deed of truſt,

from Nicholas Bryce, heir at law to John Bryce, deceaſed, the ſubſcribers will expoſe to public ſale, on Wedneſday the 4th of October next, upon the premiſes, the following lots, to enable them to diſcharge the debts due by the eſtate of the ſaid John Bryce, deceaſed, viz.

A lot of ground ſituate on Green and Waſhington-ſtreets, containing three quarters of an acre, which will be divided into ſmaller lots, for the convenience of thoſe who wiſh to purchaſe.

Alſo, a lot on Prince-ſtreet, of 20 feet front by 88 feet deep, adjoining Captain Harper's wharf, on which is a two-ſtory brick houſe, having a ſtore and ſeveral good rooms in it, beſides a kitchen and other conveniences.

Alſo, a lot of 40 feet by 30 feet, upon an alley, extending from Water to Union ſtreets, and oppoſite to Mr. Wales's brewery, on whch is a two-ſtory wooden frame. A plat of the lots may be ſeen in the hands of Mr. Phillip Marſteller, and the terms will be made known on the day of ſale.

ROBERT BRYCE,
WILLIAM WILSON, } Adminiſtrators.

Alexandria, Auguſt 8, 1786.

Porter and Ingraham,

At their ſtore on Fairfax-ſtreet, have on hand a general aſſortment of European goods, which they will ſell on the moſt moderate terms, for caſh or country produce, amongſt which are

A variety of low-priced broadcloths,
Shalloons, durants, tammies,
Calamancoes, laſtings, corduroys,
Jeans, fuſtains, calicoes, nankeens,
3-4ths, 7-8ths, and 4-4ths Iriſh linens,
Bedticks, calamanco and laſting ſhoes,
Silk, thread and cotton hoſe,
Spotted and flowered lawns, kentings,
Needle worked aprons,
A variety of linen, cotton and ſilk handkerchiefs,
Black and coloured laced aprons made complete,
Gauzes, gauze aprons and handkerchiefs,
Italian flowers, feathers, ribbons, fans, table-cloths, ſilk waiſtcoat patterns, &c.

Alſo, a veriety of

H A R D W A R E,

Conſiſting of plain irons, chiſels, augers, gouges, hammers, gimblets, locks, hinges, drawing-knives, bridle-bits, ſtirrup-irons, candleſticks braſs and iron, ſciſſors, penknives, &c. &c.

A few boxes of ſpermaceti candles, Swediſh iron, ſewing twine, roll brimſtone, gunpowder, hyſon, ſouchong and bohea teas, with many other articles.

☞ A quantity of Liverpool ſalt, at too low a rate to mention.

*** A few quarter caſks of genuine Madera wine.

Auguſt 10, 1786.

THE ſubſcriber does, in explicit terms, forbid every perſon who has not permiſſion in writing (which is to be ſhewn to the neareſt overſeer) from taking wood or ſtone, from his ſhore. Under this pretext continual depredation is made on his ſheep, hogs, &c. In like manner all perſons are forewarned not to hunt or fowl on his land; for beſides depriving him of the advantages which are to be derived from theſe ſources, his fences (which are erected at conſiderable expence) are thrown down, and his paſtures made a common.

It would be painful to proſecute any perſon for treſpaſſes of this ſort; but after this public notice, he is determined to proceed with the utmoſt rigor againſt any one, who in violation thereof, ſhall invade his property.

G. WASHINGTON.

Mount-Vernon, Auguſt 10, 1786.

TO BE SOLD BY

Public Vendue,

The 21ſt inſtant, being Fairfax court-day, if not diſpoſed of before by private contract.

A Lot of ground, with a tenement on it, 26 feet by 16; ſituate on Wilkes-ſtreet, near William Hunter's dwelling-houſe. The terms will be made known at the time and place above mentioned. The owner would be glad to treat with any perſon for the premiſes at his dwelling-houſe.

GEORGE HERBERT.

Auguſt 10, 1786.

Ran away on the 6th inſt.

from the ſhip Hannibal, lying at the mouth of Quantico, the five following ſeamen, viz. JOHN HALL, JOHN CUBBIN, JOHN WILLIAMS, JOHN BRYAN, and THOMAS GRIFFITHS. Whoever will ſecure ſaid ſeamen before the ſhip's departure, ſhall receive for each Four Dollars, and if brought on board Two Dollars more.

GUSTAVUS CONYNGHAM, Captain.

Dumfries, Auguſt 7, 1786.

The ſubſcribers, deſirous of ſpeedily ſettling the affairs of the eſtate JOHN BRYCE, deceaſed, once more requeſt of thoſe indebted to make payment by the tenth of next month, otherwiſe they will be under a neceſſity of bringing ſuit againſt all accounts that are then outſtanding.

ROBERT BRYCE,
WILLIAM WILSON, } Adminiſtrators.

Alexandria, Auguſt 8, 1786.

TO BE RENTED,

FOR four or five years, nearly five hundred acres of land, lying in Fairfax county, on Pope's-Head Run. There is about one half of it clreared and under a tolerable fence. It is eſteemed as fertile for the production of tobacco, wheat and corn, as any land in the neighbourhood, and is within twenty miles of Alexandria, fifteen of Colcheſter, and eighteen of Dumfries. At the ſame time may be had on hire, two Negroe men and two women, as likely as any, to be worked on the aforeſaid plantation. Any perſon inclinable to rent, may have the liberty of ſowing ſmall grain this fall. The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, living near the premiſes.

THOMAS POLLARD.

Fairfax, Auguſt 1, 1786.

POETRY.

THE INDOLENT.

"WHAT self-sufficiency and false content
Benumb the senses of the indolent!
Dead to all purposes of good, or ill,
Alive alone in an *inactive will.*
His only vice in *no good action* lies,
And his sole virtue is his *want of vice.*
Business he deems too hard, trifles too easy,
And *doing nothing* finds himself too busy.
Silence he cannot bear, noise is distraction,
Noise kills with bustle, silence with reflecton;
No want he feels,—what has he to pursue?
To him 'tis less to *suffer*, than to *do*,
The busy world's a fool, the *learn'd* a sot,
And his sole hope to be by all forgot:
Wealth is procur'd with toil, and kept with fear,
Knowledge by labour purchas'd, costs too dear;
Friendship's a clog, and family a jest,
A wife but a bad bargain at the best;
Honor a bubble, subject to a breath,
And all engagements vain since null'd by death;
Thus all the wise esteem, he can despise,
And caring not, 'tis he alone is wise:
Yet, all his wish possessing, finds not rest,
And only lives to know *he can't be blest.*"

To be RENTED for one or a term of years.

That handsome commodious three-story BRICK HOUSE, situate on King-street, next door to the corner of Pitt-street, in which the Subscribers now live, having two large well finished rooms on a floor and a good dry cellar under the whole.—The situation is very fine for either a wholesale or retail store, and the front room well calculated for either of these purposes, with which there will also be rented a very pretty garden and a large well finished stable and carriage house.—The whole is in every respect completely planned for a merchant who has a family.—Possession will be given any time after the middle of September next.

Also, that noted STORE where the Post-Office is at present kept, now in the tenure of Messrs. M'Crea and Mease, having a small handsome bed-room, and a counting-room adjoining the store, a good large loft, and an excellent dry cellar under the whole, besides a good yard belonging to the store, which will be a great conveniency to any person that may rent it.—Possession will be given on the first of November next.

Also, that convenient HOUSE and garden adjoining the above store, situate on Pitt-street, having three large handsome rooms on the first floor, three well finished rooms on the second floor, and one of the best cellars in town under the whole.—Possession will be given on the 27th of January next.

Also, a convenient PLANTATION of about 120 acres of LAND, adjoining the place on which Major Charles Little now lives, being but about two miles and an half from town.—Immediate possession will be given.

Also, another PLANTATION of about 300 acres of LAND, lying within half a mile of Difficult-Bridge, and bounded by Difficult-Run.—A great part of the land is already cleared and under good fence, and 40 or 50 acres of excellent meadow may be made at a very small expence.—Possession will be given on the 25th of December next.

Also, several LOTS in this town to be let on ground-rent for ever, situate on Queen, St. Asaph, Pitt, Union and Princess streets.

HEPBURN and DUNDAS.

Alexandria, August 3, 1786.

Crocketts and Harris,

Have Just imported in the ship America, Captain John Schrouder, from Bremen,

A QUANTITY of TICKLENBURGS and OSNABURGS, of different qualities, which they will sell cheap for cash.

Baltimore, July 24, 1786.

To be disposed of for ready-money, tobacco, or wheat,

THE remains on hand of an assorted store, consisting of superfine broad, narrow and fancy cloths, coarse wollens, hats, mens', womens' and childrens' thread and yarn hose, blue duffils, fearnoughts, winter coatings, rugs, blankets, and a number of other articles. Also (if not disposed of in the mean time by private sale) an assortment of ship chandlery, very suitable for a store on the wharf.—Any person inclined to take the whole shall have them at the sterling cost and charges.—Apply to BENJAMIN BOWDON, at Mrs. KIRK's.

Alexandria, July 13, 1786.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from his house on Fairfax-street, to Captain Conway's wharf, where he carries on the BAKING business as usual, and where all masters of vessels and others, may be supplied with BISCUIT on the shortest notice, at the following prices, viz. pilot biscuit at 19s. per hundred, ship ditto at 17 s. per ditto, loaf bread weighing 28 ounces, at 4d. each.—He begs leave to return his grateful thanks to his friends and the public in general, for their former favors, and hopes for a continuance of them, as every exertion will be made to give satisfaction, by their obliged and very humble servant,

HENRY GARDENER.

Alexandria, August 3, 1786.

*** A good DRAY and HORSE to be sold cheap.—Apply as above.

ALL persons having any demands against the copartnership of JAMES KIRK and BENJAMIN BOWDON are desired to bring in their claims to the surviving partner that they may be liquidated and settled; and all persons who are indebted to the said copartnership are desired to make immediate payment, otherwise they will be sued without further notice.

Alexandria, June 8, 1786.

STOLEN or strayed from the commons of Alexandria about two weeks ago, a dark BAY HORSE, full 16 hands high, 6 years old, has no particular marks, a large head, long ears, dead eyes, switch tail, and moves heavy with a kind of ambling pace.—Whoever brings said horse to the Subscriber, shall receive FIVE DOLLARS reward and reasonable charges paid.

JAMES M'KENNA.

Alexandria, July 18, 1786.

ALL those who have any demands against the partnership of Messieurs RANDLE MITCHELL and SON, Merchants, in this town, are desired to bring them in, properly attested before the 15th of October next; and those indebted to them are requested to come and pay off their respective balances to the Subscribers, otherwise they may expect that suits will be brought for any sums that shall remain unpaid at the above mentioned time.

WILLIAM WEST,
JOSIAH DONALDSON,
WILLIAM HERBERT, } Assignees.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

TO BE CHARTERED,

THE schooner INDEPENDENCE, Benjamin T. Stoops, Master, of between 40 and 50 tons burthen, almost new, now lying near Capt. Conway's Wharf.—Apply at the Printing-Office, or the Captain on board.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

THE TRUSTEES of the Winchester Latin Greek and English Schools, having in pursuance of their advertisement elected Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Potter, two gentlemen of character and abilities, to take charge of the institution, do hereby give notice, that the Schools will be opened on Monday the 10th of July next. The price of tuition will be four guineas per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance. The climate is healthful, the country plentiful and the town growing.—Parents may therefore procure board for their children on reasonable terms.—Care and attention will be paid, not only by the Tutors but also by the Trustees, to the morals and instruction of the youth. And there being Clergymen of the Episcopal, Presbyterian and Lutheran Churches, who officiate regularly in this place, they will have an opportunity of attending divine service every Sunday.

JOHN SMITH,
ROBERT MACKY,
ALEXANDER BELMAIN,
RAWLEIGH COLSTON,
JOSEPH HOLMES,
J. H. NORTON,
PHILIP BUSH, } Trustees.

Winchester, June 15, 1786.

FOR SALE,

A LEASE in Ravensworth TRACT of LAND, containing 209 acres, for three lives, at the rent of 6 *lb.* of tobacco per acre; also, all the stock of cattle, hogs, sheep, and crop of corn and tobacco, now growing on said plantation, together or singular.—There are on the premises, a good apple and peach orchard, and there may be made at least 40 acres of good meadow land, about 20 acres are already cleared, 10 of which are now in timothy grass, the remaining part uncleared, well timbered and watered.—Said plantation lies on the waters of Accotink-Run, Fairfax County, within 12 miles of Alexandria, Colchester and George-Town.—Any person wanting to purchase, may know the terms by applying to JARVIS HAMMOND, living on said plantation.

July 22, 1786.

To be sold for crop tobacco, on credit,

THAT elegant seat called SHUTER's-HILL; also a LOT of land at Colchester, both the property of the late John Mills, Esq; sold to us by his administrators at public sale on the 18th inst. on the terms of their advertisement of the 9th of February. The lot at Colchester is well situated for business, and has on it a large convenient store house, with a counting and lodging room in it, and a good cellar under it; also a kitchen, stable, &c.

The dwelling-house, cellar, out-houses, &c. at Shuter's-Hill are all conveniently planned for any family. The situation is healthy and delightful, commanding an extensive view up and down the river Potomack, over a beautiful plain below the house, upon the town of Alexandria, and over into Maryland, upon the many beautiful seats on that side the river. The house does not stand more than a mile, if so much, from the town; the lot of land contains nearly twenty acres, and may with the greatest ease be made to produce an abundance of vegetables, fruits, hops and such articles for market as will always command ready-money in Alexandria.

HOOE and HARRISON.

Alexandria, April 27, 1786.

BY PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at the Vendue-Store in Alexandria, on the 11th and 12th days of August next, for the benefit of the creditors at large, a general assortment of MERCHANDISE, being the whole of the store of Randle Mitchell and Son, consisting of the following articles:

DURANTS, Tammies, Calamancoes, Camelots, Shalloons, Checks, Striped Hollands, Bed-Tickings, Printed and Check Handkerchiefs, Gauze and Silk Handkerchiefs, Pen, Pocket and Table Knives, Striped Linens, Furniture Cottons, Fustians, Printed Linens, Calicoes, Cottons, Chintzes, Duroys, Sagathees, Marseilles Quilting, broad and narrow Demities, White Drillings, Irish Linens, Sheetings, Muslins, Humhums, Mens' and Womens' Shoes, Cambricks, Lawns, Satins, Persians, Sadlery, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Broadcloths, Coatings, Forest-Cloths, Duffils, Naps, Cassimers, Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Stockings, Striped Linseys, Swanskins, Negro Cottons, Serges, Flannels, Rugs, Blankets, Corduroys, Gown Patterns, Gauzes, Tablecloths, Osnaburgs, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, &c. &c. &c.

P. MARSTELLER, Vendue-Master.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

ALEXANDRIA COFFEE-HOUSE.

THAT large and convenient HOUSE lately kept by Mr. Henry Lyles, deceased, with stables &c. complete, to be rented for the remainder of the decedent's lease, which expires the 7th of October next. A person well qualified will meet with great encouragement by opening the house and stables and being properly prepared before the races, when an uncommon number of company is expected. The great demand for rooms and stables, and the great prices paid on these public occasions, no doubt will produce an early application. The terms will be very moderate.—Likewise to be rented for 16 years, a LOT in a public part of the town with a bake-house and other buildings thereon.—Apply to

WILLIAM LYLES, or
JAMES HENDRICKS.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

PHILADELPHIA PACKET.

THE Sloop CHARMING POLLY, John Ellwood, Master, will ply constantly as a Packet between Philadelphia and Alexandria.—She has good accommodations for passengers, and will sail the 30th instant.—For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, or

JONATHAN SWIFT and CO.

Alexandria, July 27, 1786.

To be sold or let, on the 12th instant, for Cash or Goods, viz.

Two Lots situated near the corner of Duke and Fairfax streets, one of which fronts Fairfax-street 25 feet, and runs back 57 feet 5 inches.—The other fronts Duke-street 22 feet, and runs back 76 feet 7 inches, meeting the other so as to form a square, and both are subject to ground-rent.—There are on the premises a Dwelling-House and a Store.—For particulars apply to OLIVER PRICE, or the Subscriber.

JOHN HAGUE.

Alexandria, August 1, 1786.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-street*——by whom *Advertisements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.